

# Today

- Solving linear DEs
- Murder on 13 ave.
- Reminder: midterm Tuesday 6 pm!

A drug delivered by IV accumulates at a constant rate  $k_{IV}$ . The body metabolizes the drug proportional to the amount of the drug.

$$(A) \quad d'(t) = k_{IV} - k_m d(t)$$

$$(B) \quad d'(t) = (k_{IV} - k_m) d(t)$$

$$(C) \quad d'(t) = k_{IV} d(t) - k_m$$

$$(D) \quad d'(t) = -k_{IV} + k_m d(t)$$

$$d'(t) = k_{IV} - k_m d(t), \quad d(0) = 0.$$

- Make related equation that looks like  $p' = kp$ .
- Replace RHS by:  $c(t) = k_{IV} - k_m d(t)$
- Take derivative of this  $c(t)$ :  $c'(t) = -k_m d'(t)$
- New equation for  $c(t)$ :

$$(A) \quad c'(t) = -k_m c(t)$$

$$(C) \quad c'(t) = k_m c(t)$$

$$(B) \quad c'(t) = -k_{IV} c(t)$$

$$(D) \quad c'(t) = -k_m (k_{IV} - k_m d(t))$$

$$d'(t) = k_{IV} - k_m d(t), \quad d(0) = 0.$$

- Make related equation that looks like  $p' = kp$ .
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$$(B) \quad c'(t) = -k_{IV} c(t)$$

$$(D) \quad c'(t) = -k_m (k_{IV} - k_m d(t))$$

What about the initial condition,  $c(0) = ?$

$$d'(t) = k_{IV} - k_m d(t), \quad d(0) = 0.$$

- Make related equation that looks like  $p' = kp$ .
- Replace RHS by:  $c(t) = k_{IV} - k_m d(t)$
- Take derivative of this  $c(t)$ :  $c'(t) = -k_m d'(t)$
- New equation:  $c'(t) = -k_m c(t)$ ,  $c(0) = k_{IV}$ .
- This means the solution to the  $d(t)$  eq. is

$$(A) \quad d(t) = k_{IV} \exp(-k_m t)$$

$$(C) \quad d(t) = k_{IV}/k_m (1 - \exp(-k_m t))$$

$$(B) \quad d(t) = k_{IV} \exp(k_m t)$$

$$(D) \quad d(t) = k_{IV}/k_m \exp(-k_m t)$$

$$d'(t) = k_{IV} - k_m d(t), \quad d(0) = 0.$$

- Make related equation that looks like  $p' = kp$ .

What happens to  $d(t)$  as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ ?

$$d(t) \rightarrow k_{IV}/k_m$$

- New equation:  $c'(t) = -k_m c(t)$ ,  $c(0) = k_{IV}$ .

- This means the solution to the  $d(t)$  eq. is

(A)  $d(t) = k_{IV} \exp(-k_m t)$

(C)  $d(t) = k_{IV}/k_m (1 - \exp(-k_m t))$

(B)  $d(t) = k_{IV} \exp(k_m t)$

(D)  $d(t) = k_{IV}/k_m \exp(-k_m t)$

# General case

- Any problem of the form  $y' = a-by$  with IC  $y(0)=y_0$  has solution

$$y(t) = a/b + (y_0 - a/b) e^{-bt}$$

- Check:

- LHS:  $y'(t) =$  (on the blackboard)

- RHS:  $a-by =$  (on the blackboard)

- $y(0) = a/b + (y_0 - a/b) e^0 = y_0$

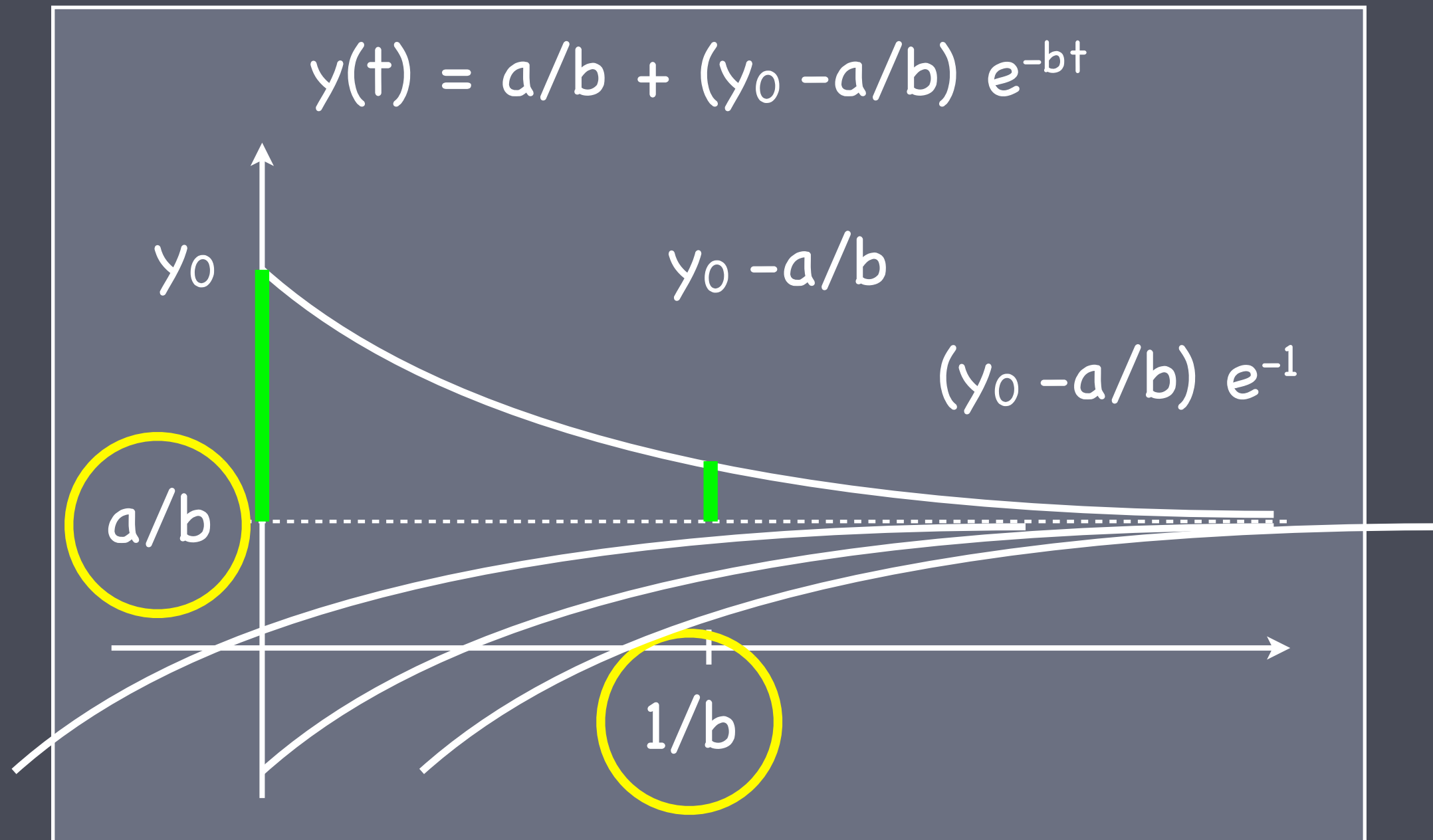
# General case

$$y(t) = a/b + (y_0 - a/b) e^{-bt}$$

- If  $b > 0$  then as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ ,  $y(t) \rightarrow a/b$ .
- When  $b > 0$ , the **characteristic time** is  $1/b$ .
- Notice that if  $y_0 = a/b$  then  $y(t) = a/b$ .
- Constant solutions like this are called **steady states**.



# General case



When will it get there?  
Where is  $y(t)$  going? To the steady state  $a/b$ .  
Never but at  $t=1/b$  it will be  $1/e$  of the way.

# Look different, same same.

- Newton's Law of Cooling:  $T'(t) = k(E - T(t))$

$$a = kE, b = k.$$

- Drug delivery:  $d'(t) = k_{IV} - k_m d(t)$

$$a = k_{IV}, b = k_m$$

1 / characteristic time

- Terminal velocity:  $v'(t) = g - \delta v(t)$

$$a = g, b = \delta$$

steady state

- General form, factored:  $y'(t) = b \left( \frac{a}{b} - y \right)$ .

# What do you need to know?

- Given a word description, write down an equation for the quantity  $q(t)$  described.
  - Ex. Blah is added at a constant rate and is removed proportional to how much is there...
  - Ex. Blah changes proportional to the difference between blah and fixed #.
- Substitute as in the drug problem to get  $y' = ky$  and state that  $y(t) = Ce^{kt}$  solves it.
- Substitute back to find  $q(t)$ .
- Determine  $C$  using the initial condition.
- Answer questions about the resulting exponential  $q(t)$ .

# Newton's Law of Cooling (NLC)

- When an object cools by convection, it can be modeled by Newton's Law of Cooling:

Heat is lost proportional to the difference between the object's temperature  $T(t)$  and the surrounding's temperature  $E$ .

$$T'(t) = k ( E - T(t) )$$

Note: heat can be lost in other ways (e.g. radiation). Newton's Law of Cooling is a model that is sometimes appropriate and sometimes not.

What do you expect

$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} T(t)$  to be?

(A)  $E$

(B)  $kE$

(C)  $0$

(D)  $E - T(0)$

(E)  $T(0)$

What do you expect

$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} T(t)$  to be?

(A) E

(B) kE

(C) 0

(D) E-T(0)

(E) T(0)

$$T'(t) = k (E - T(t)) = kE - kT(t)$$

$$T(0) = T_0 \quad a = kE, \quad b = k$$

$$y(t) = a/b + (y_0 - a/b) e^{-bt}$$

$$T(t) = E + (T_0 - E) e^{-kt}$$

# All Hallow's Eve

- On Oct 31, 2014, a string of trick-or-treaters were seen walking along the 400 block of East 13th ave.
  - 8:38 pm - Tina
  - 8:55 pm - Jinsong
  - 9:05 pm - Maria
  - 9:12 pm - Ali-reza
  - 9:27 pm - Chadni





# All Hallow's Eve

- At 8:15 am, the woman who lived at 444 East 13 ave was found dead in the front yard of her home.
- The VPD has asked you to figure out who did it.
- You arrive on the scene, and tell the police you will have an answer for them soon.
- What is your next move? Discuss.