

# Today...

- Antiderivatives.
- Position, velocity, acceleration.
- Maybe some graphing.



# Antiderivatives – going backward

If  $f'(x) = 6x^2 + 4x - 1$ , then

(A)  $f(x) = 12x + 4$

(B)  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 2x^2 - x$

(C)  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 2x^2 - x + 2$

(D)  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 2x^2 - x + C$



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If  $f'(x) = x^n$ , which of the following could be  $f(x)$ ?

(A)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{n+1}x^{n+1}$

(B)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{n+1}x^{n+1} + C$

(C)  $f(x) = nx^{n-1}$

(D)  $f(x) = nx^{n-1} + C$

(E)  $f(x) = x^n + C$



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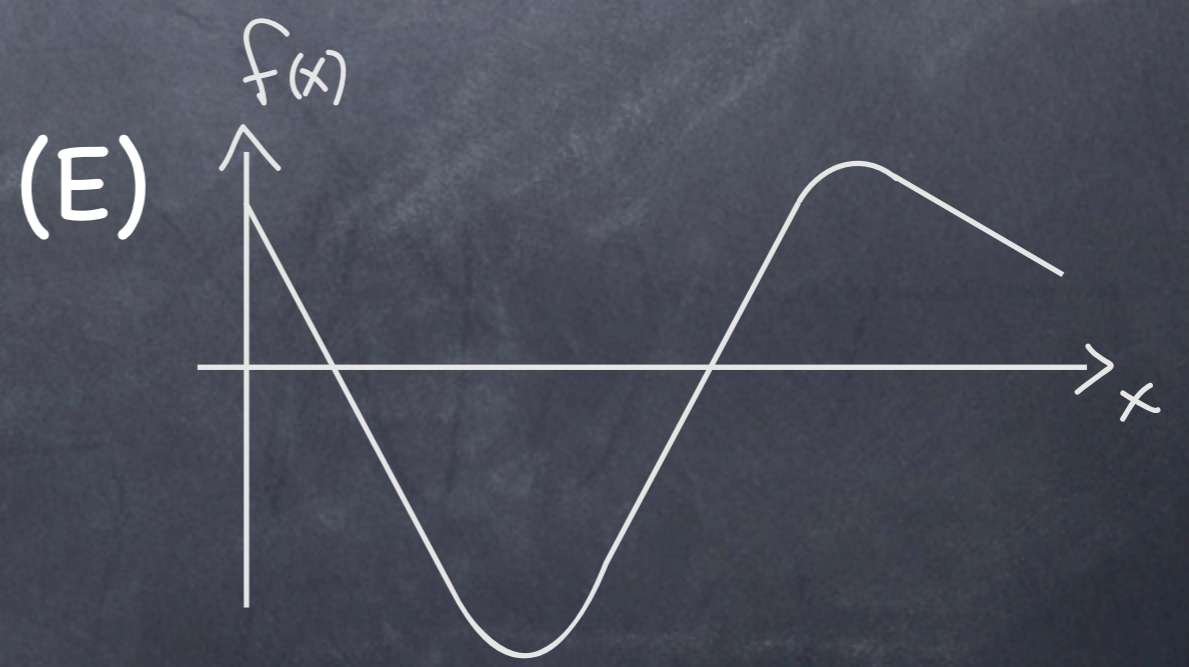
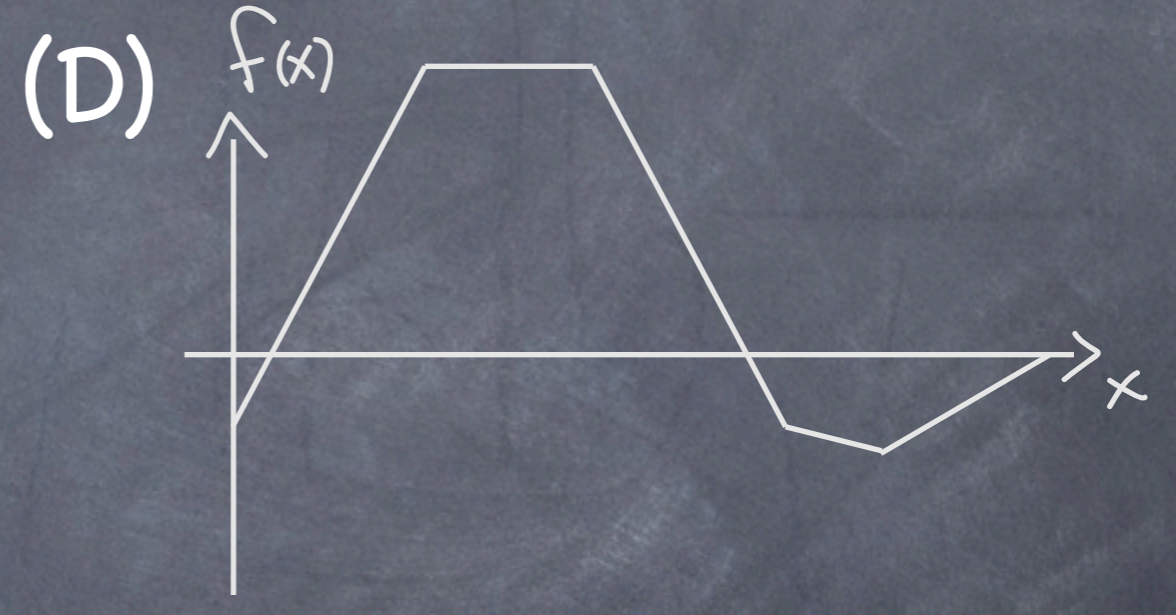
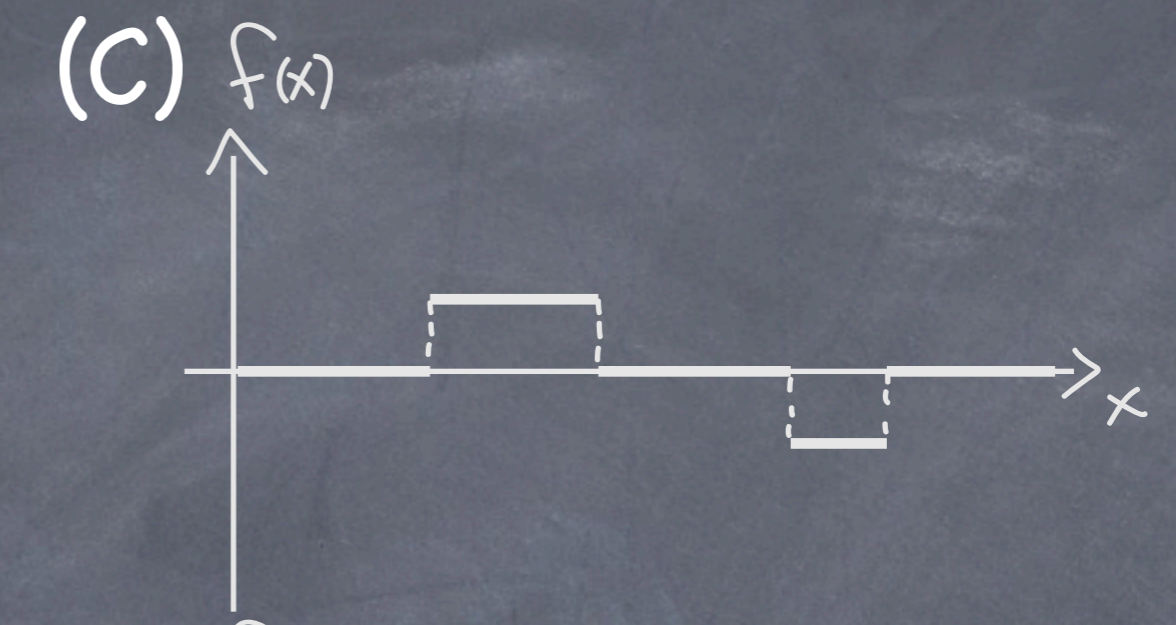
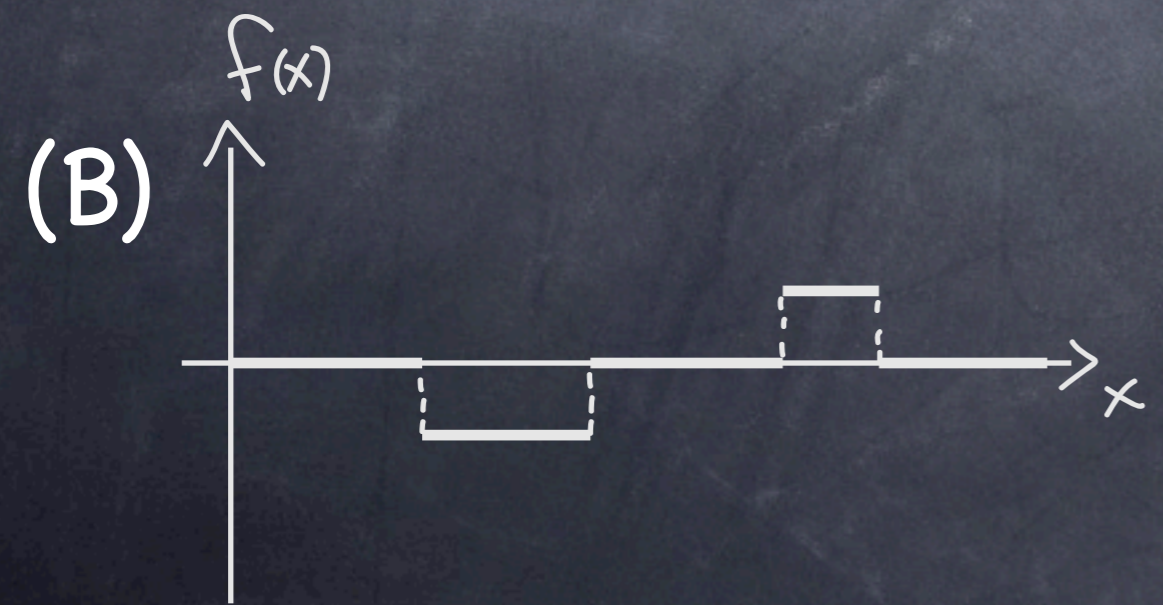
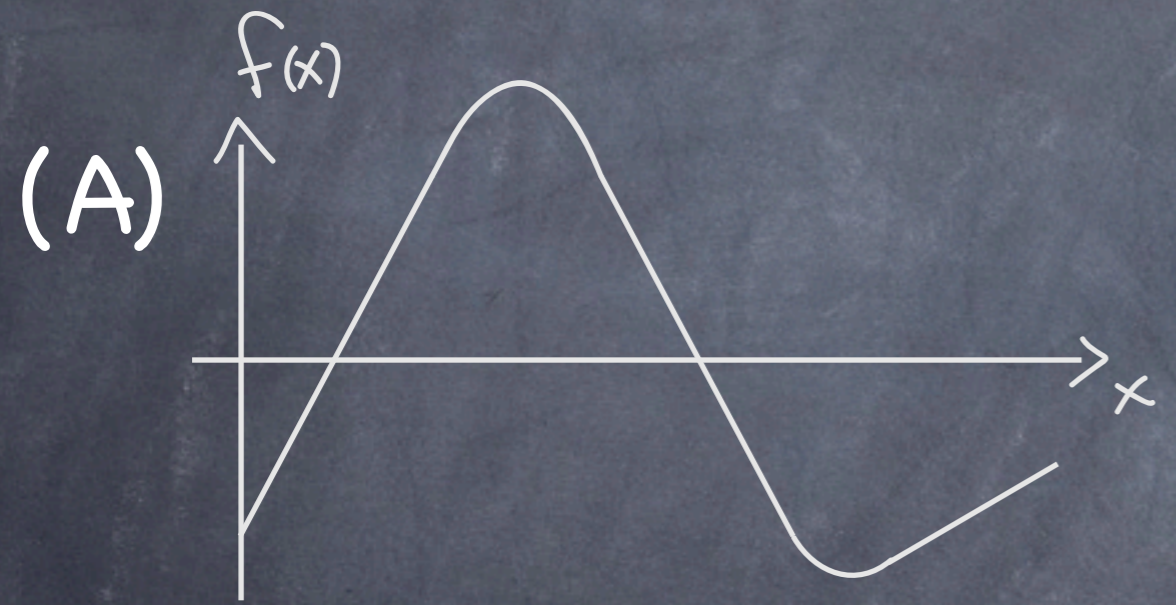
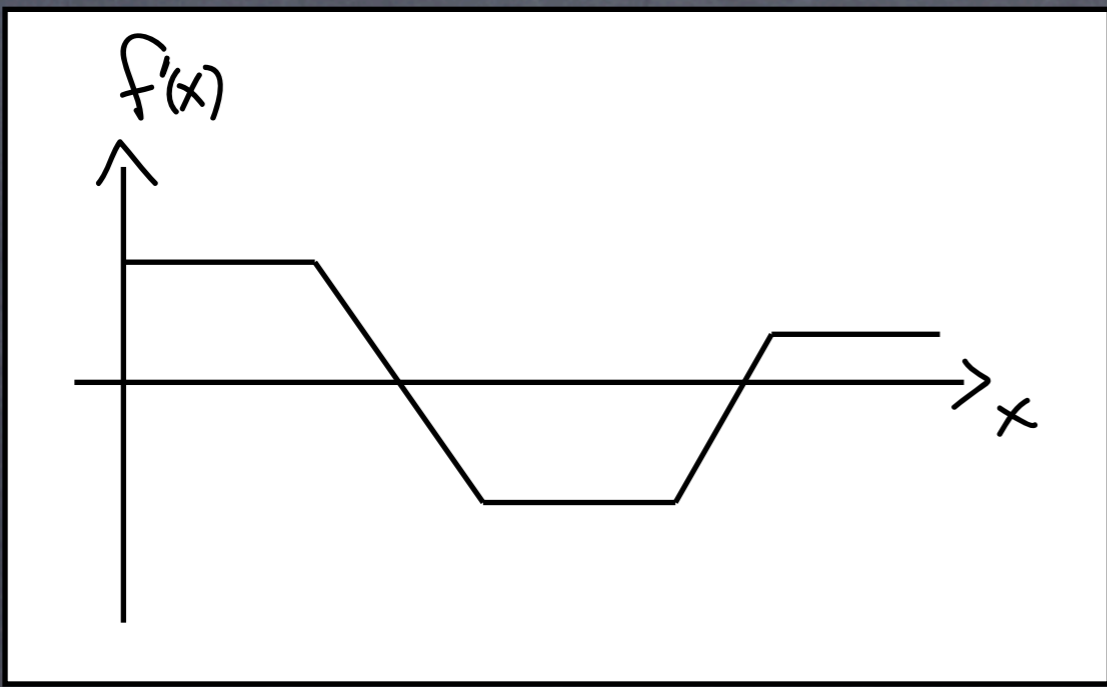
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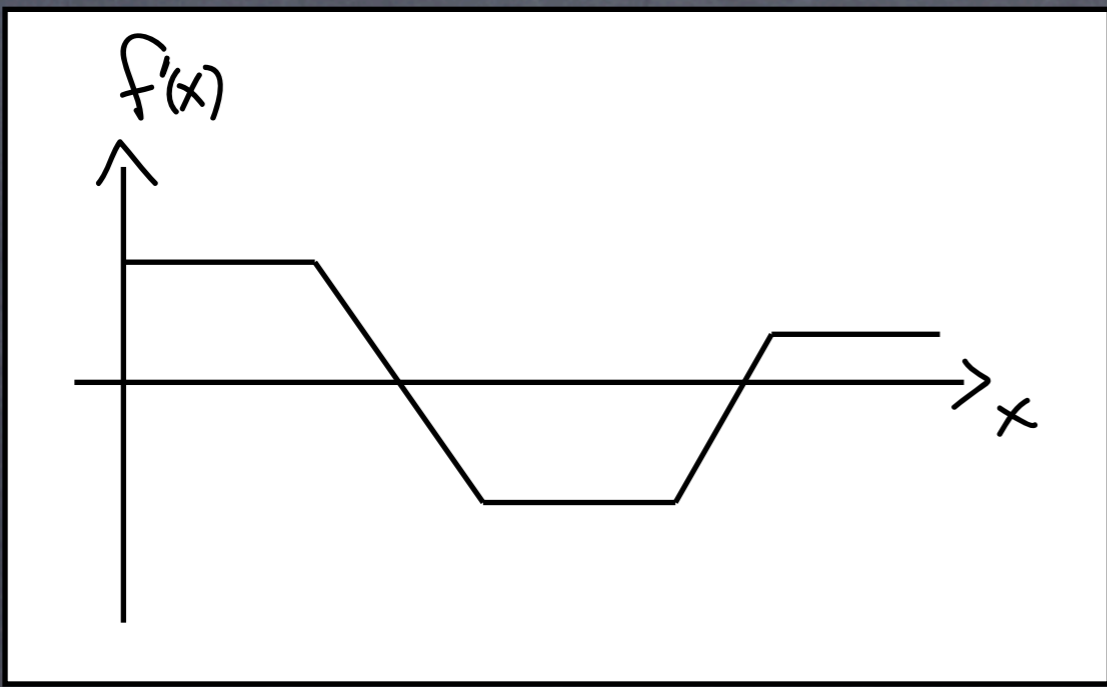
(D)  $f(x) = nx^{n-1} + C$

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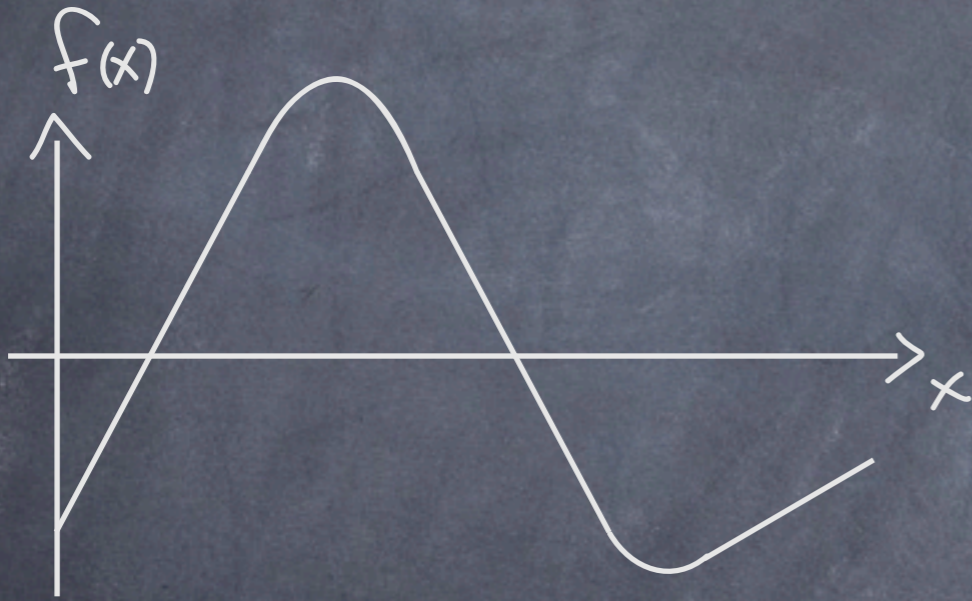




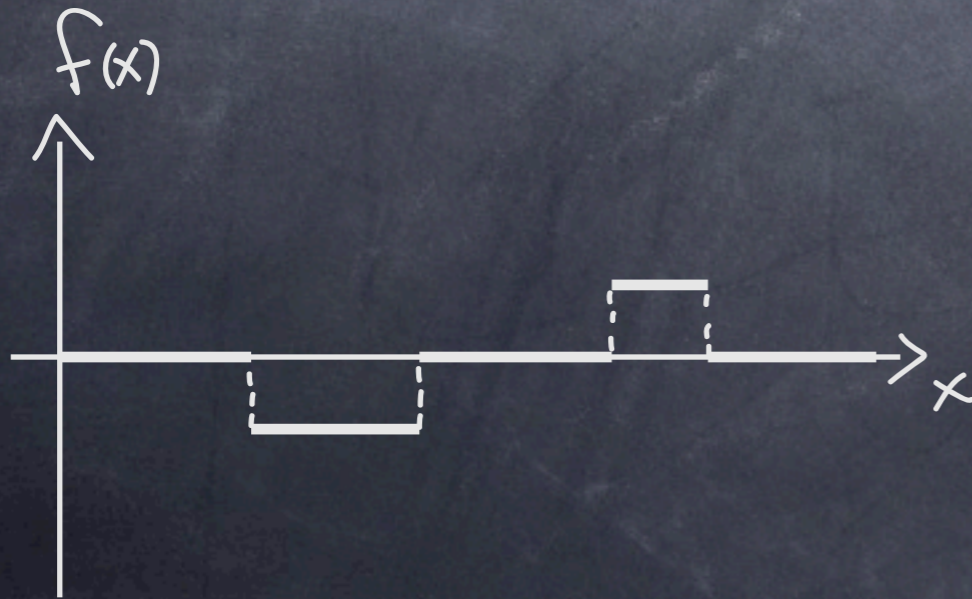




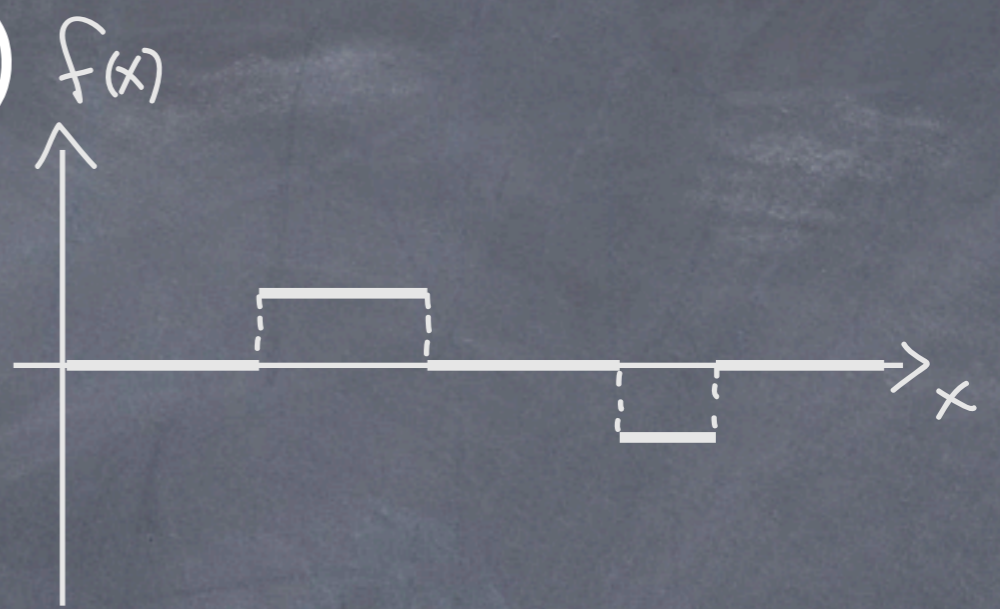
(A)



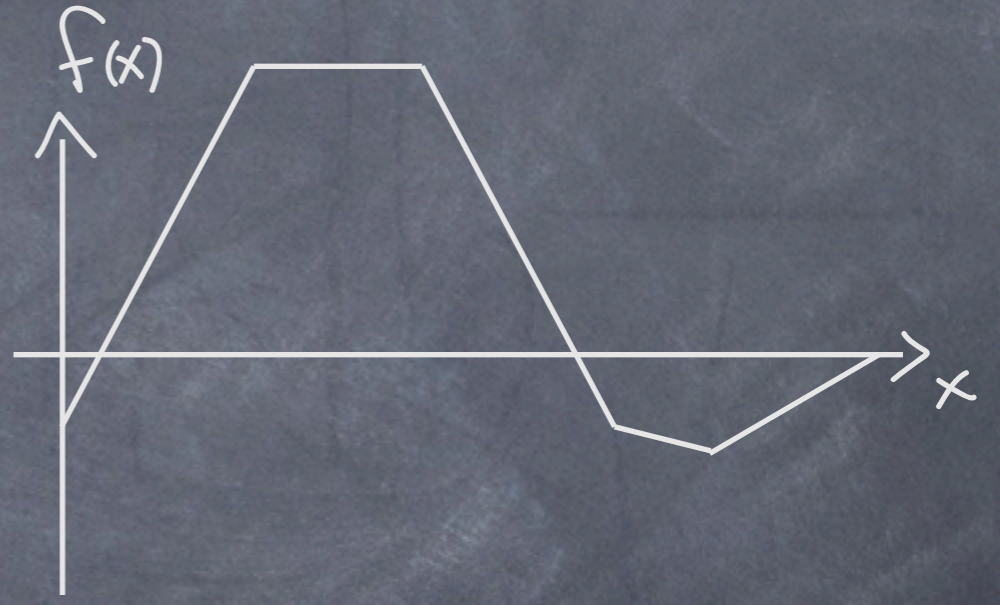
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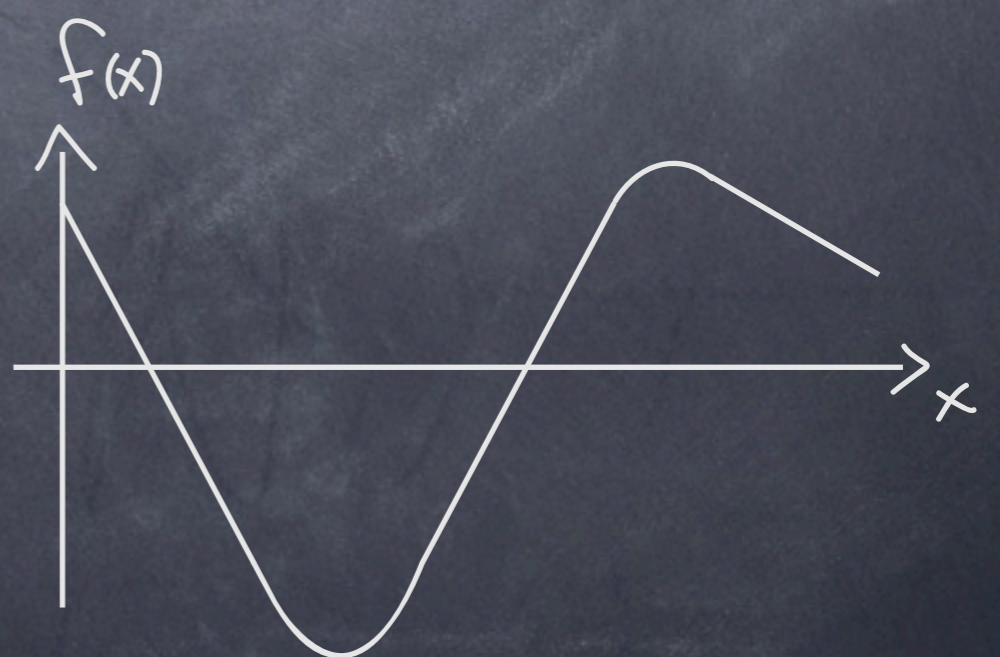
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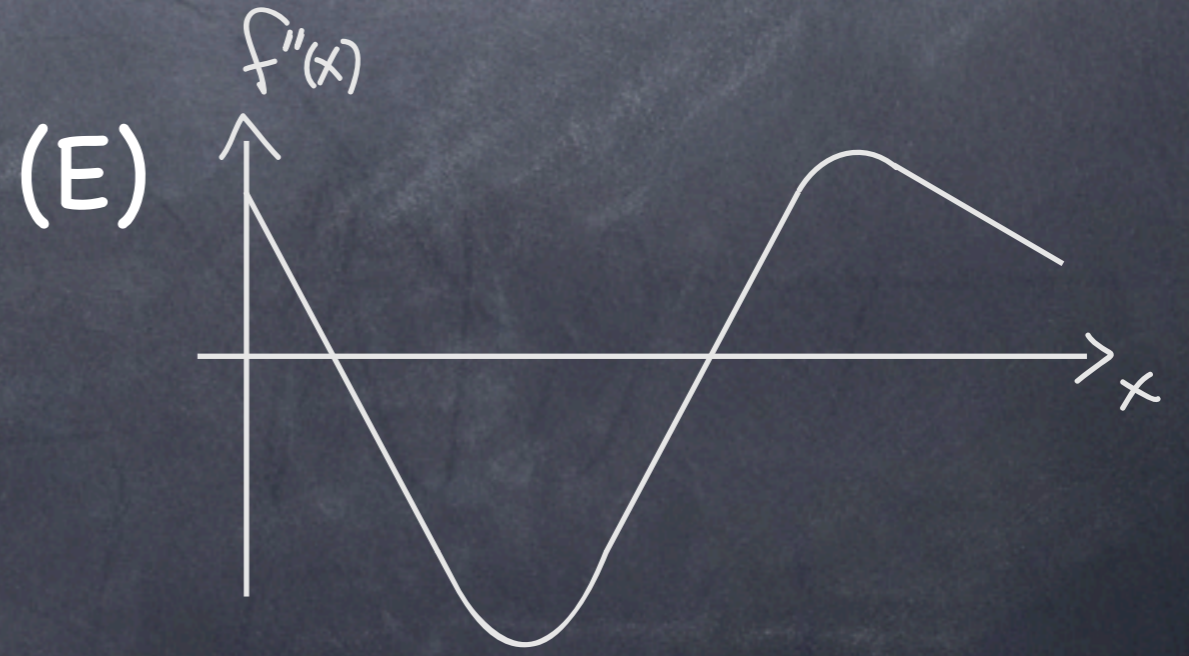
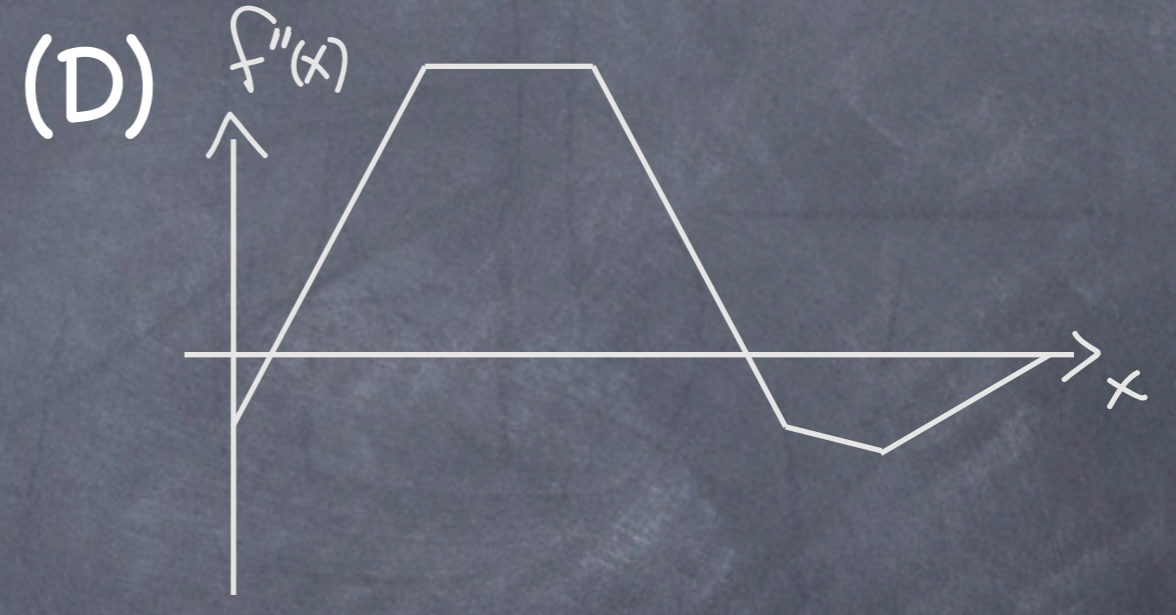
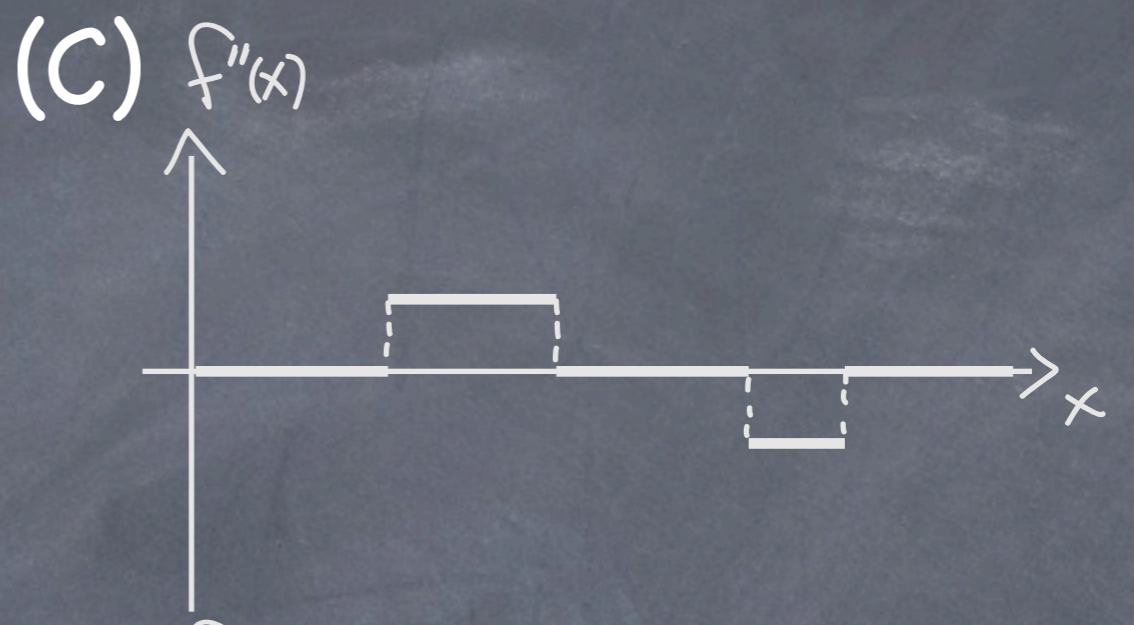
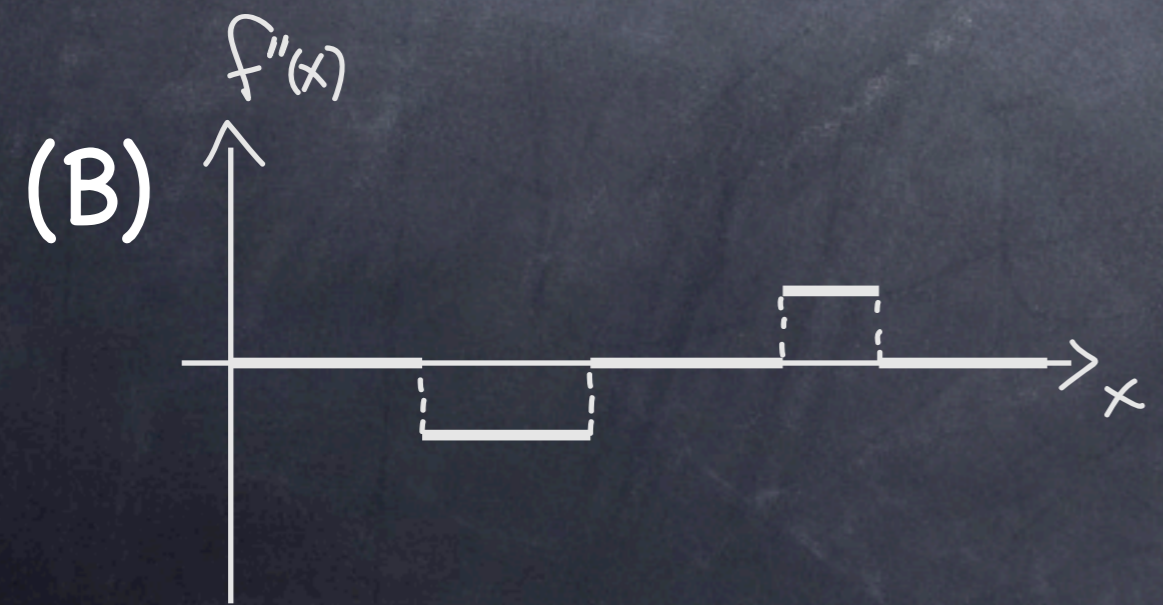
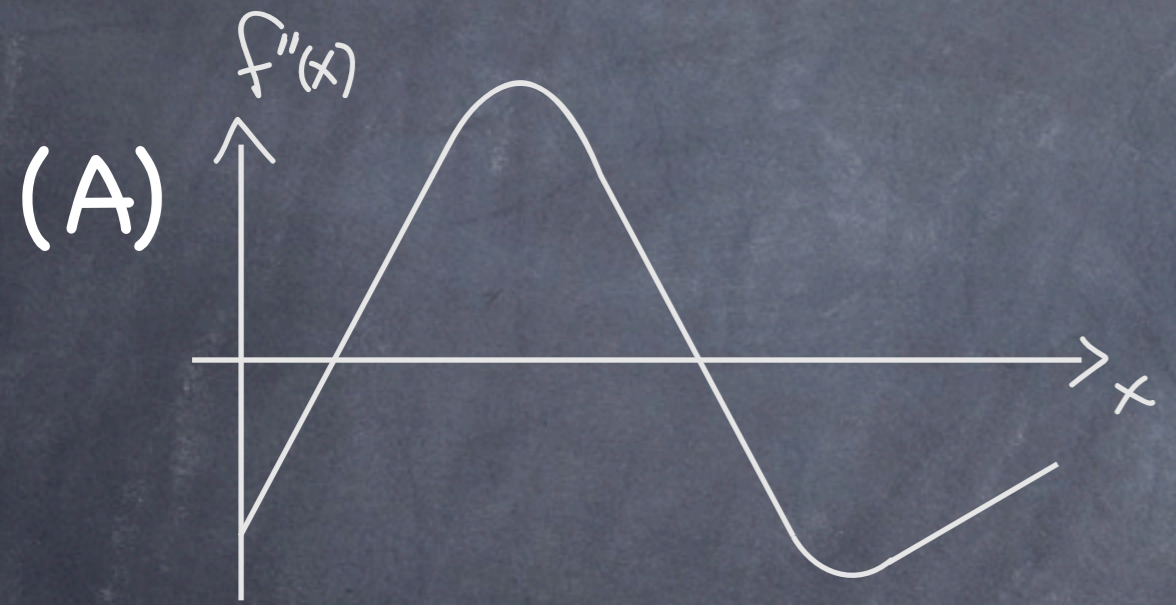
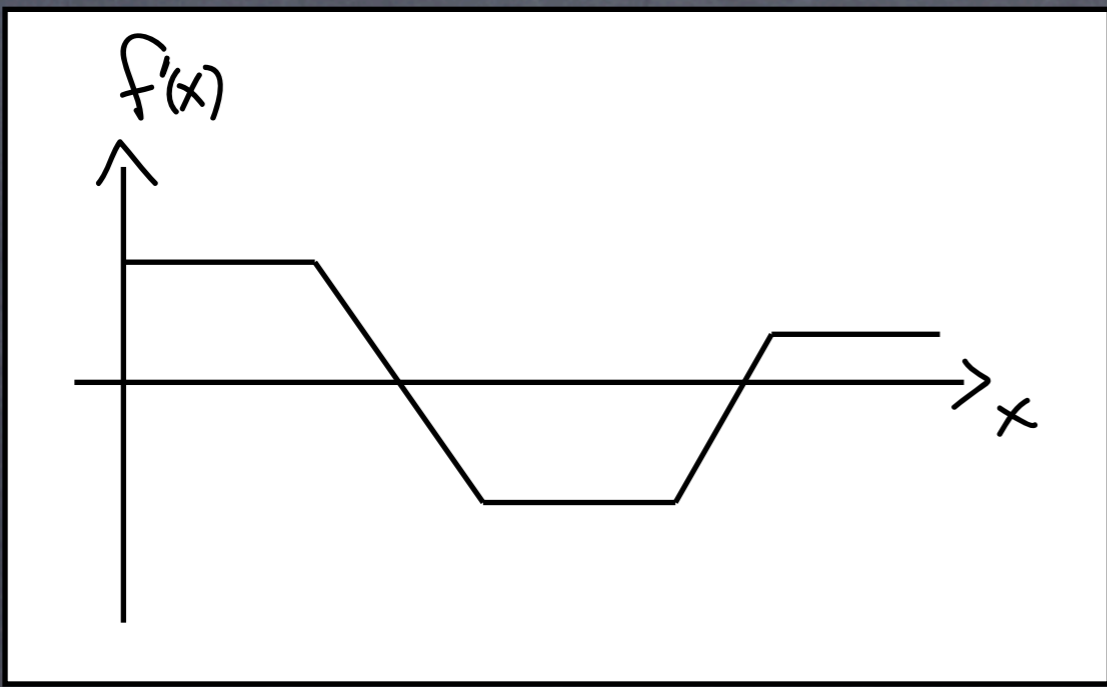
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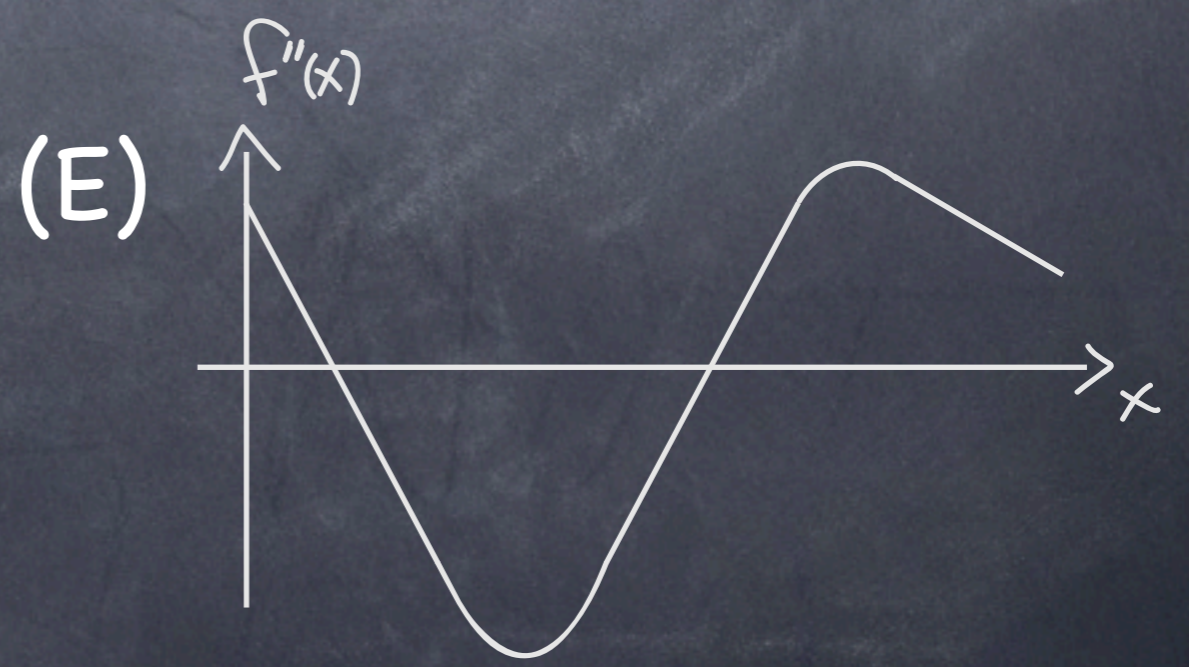
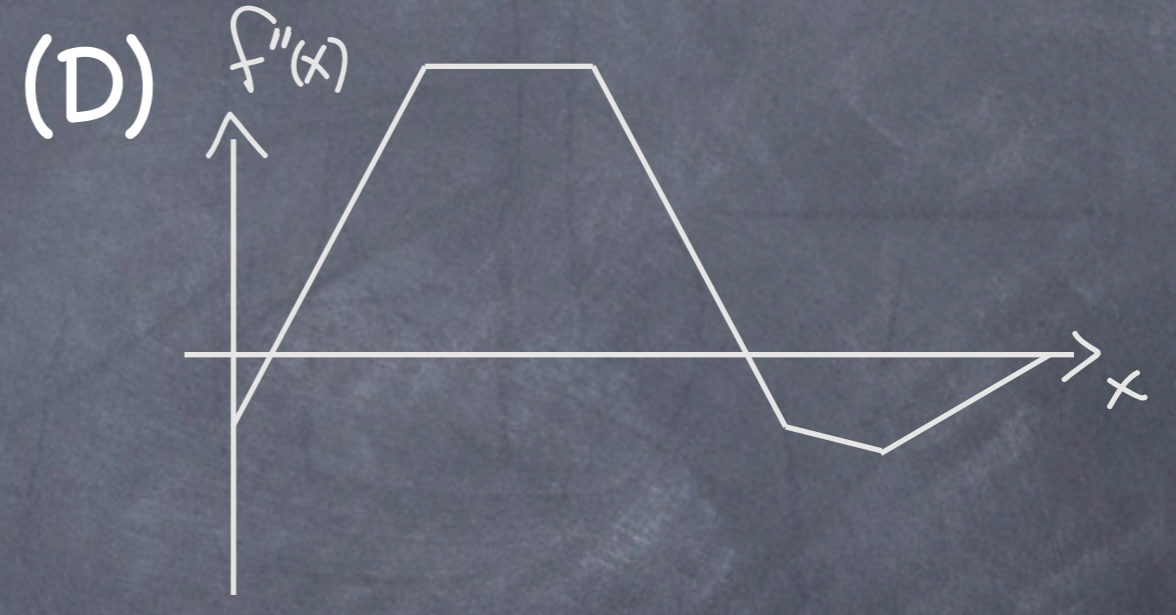
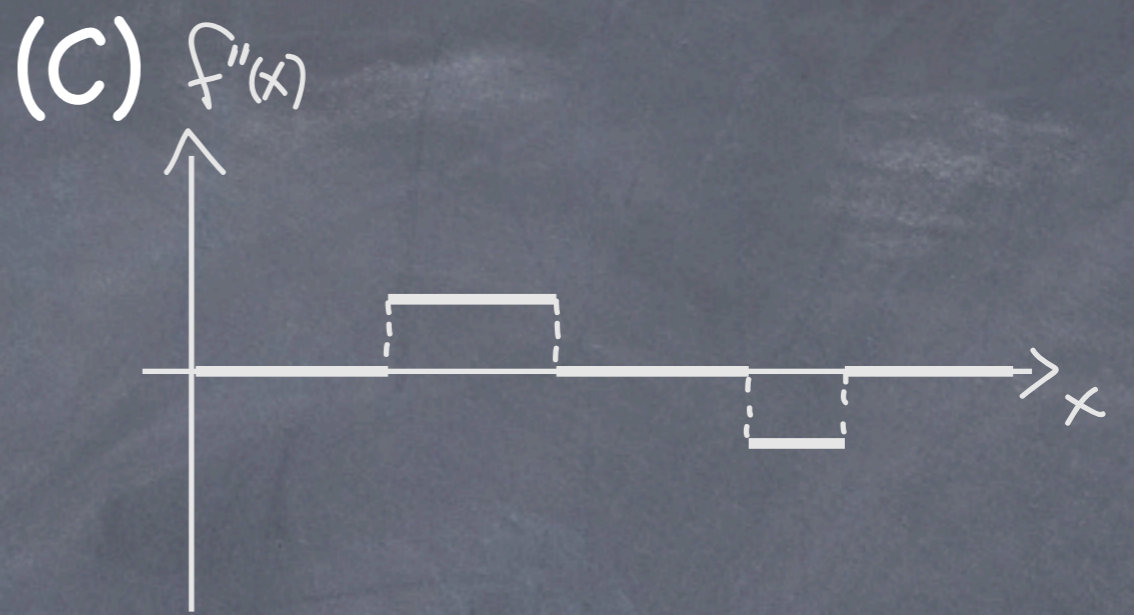
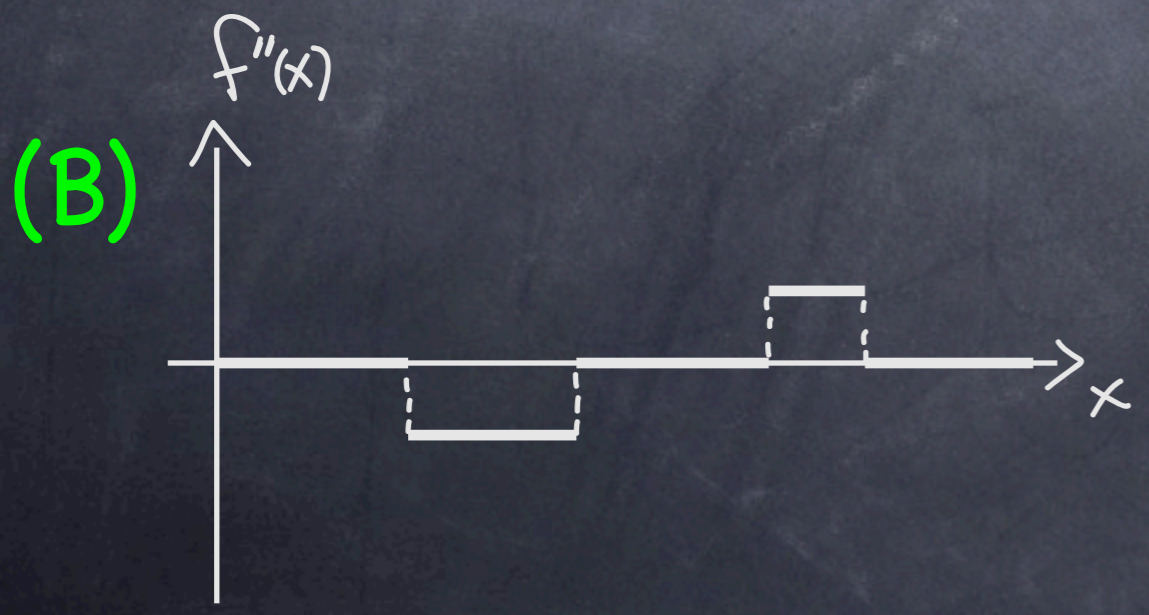
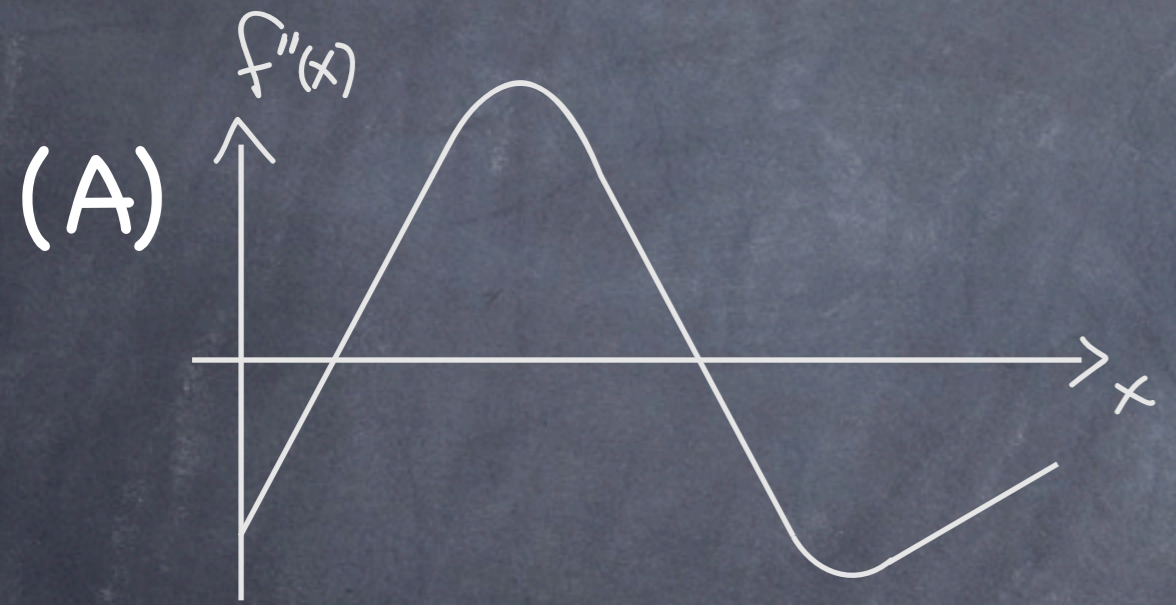
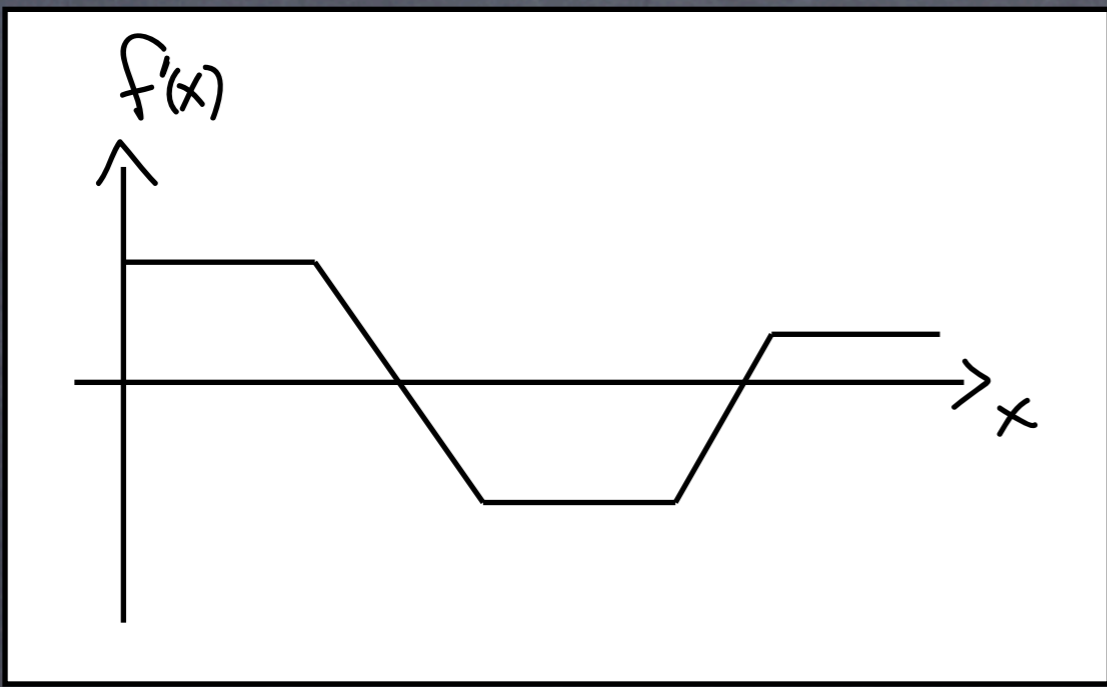
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  - $x(t) = a/2 t^2 + v_0 t + D = a/2 t^2 + v_0 t + x_0$



# Examples of constant acceleration

- Ball dropping near surface of planet
- Fireworks
- Charged particle in electric field (gel electrophoresis)



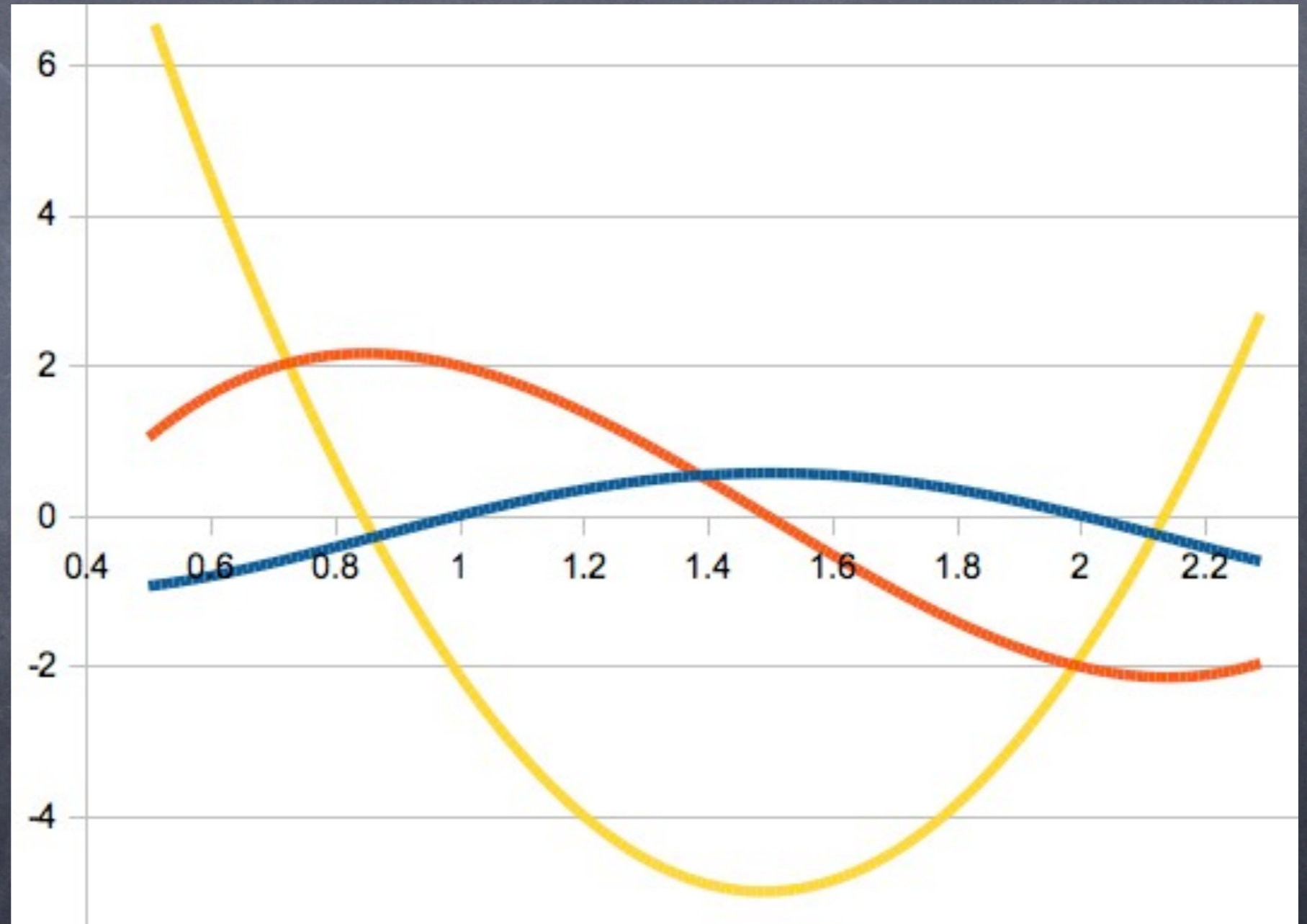
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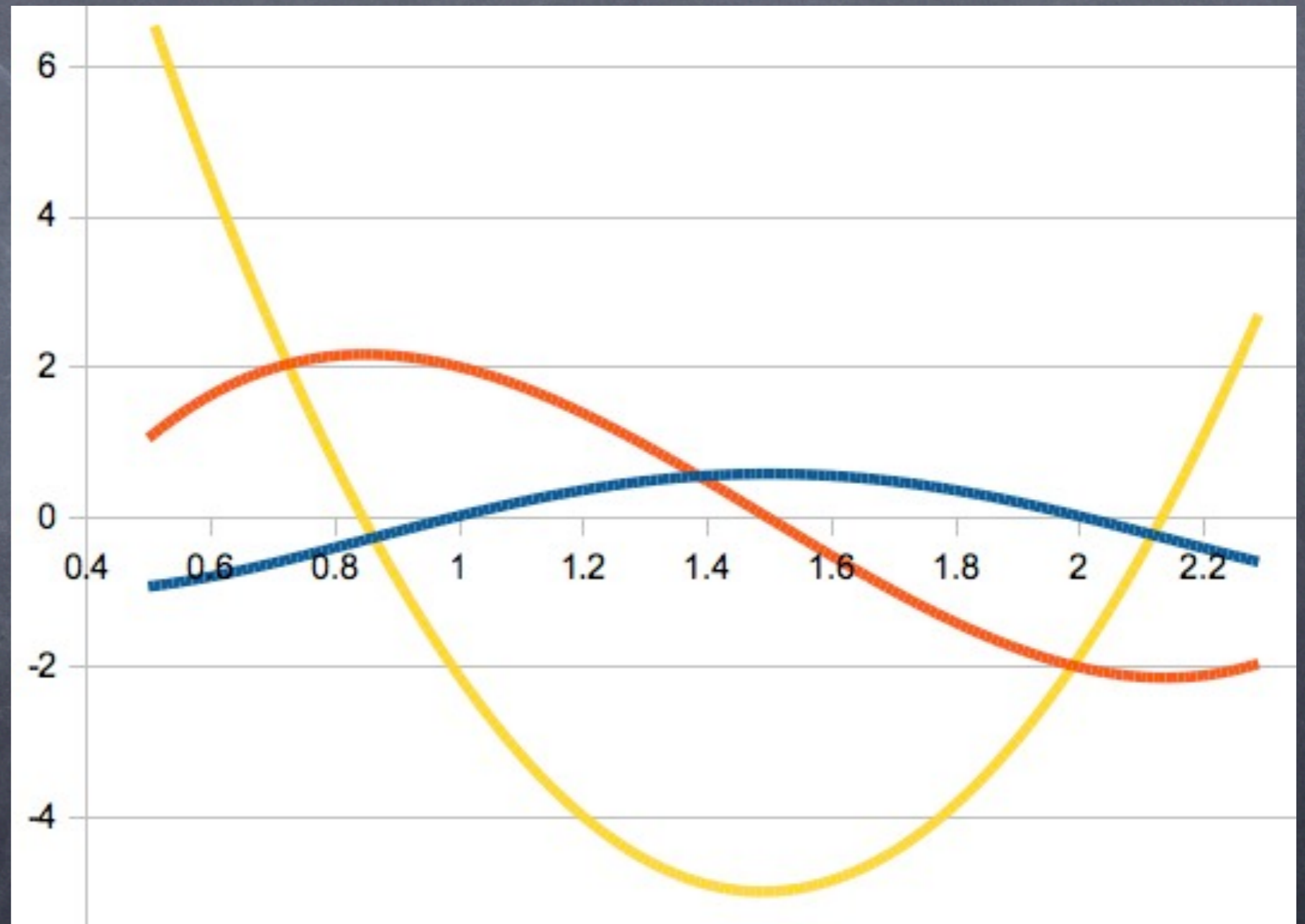
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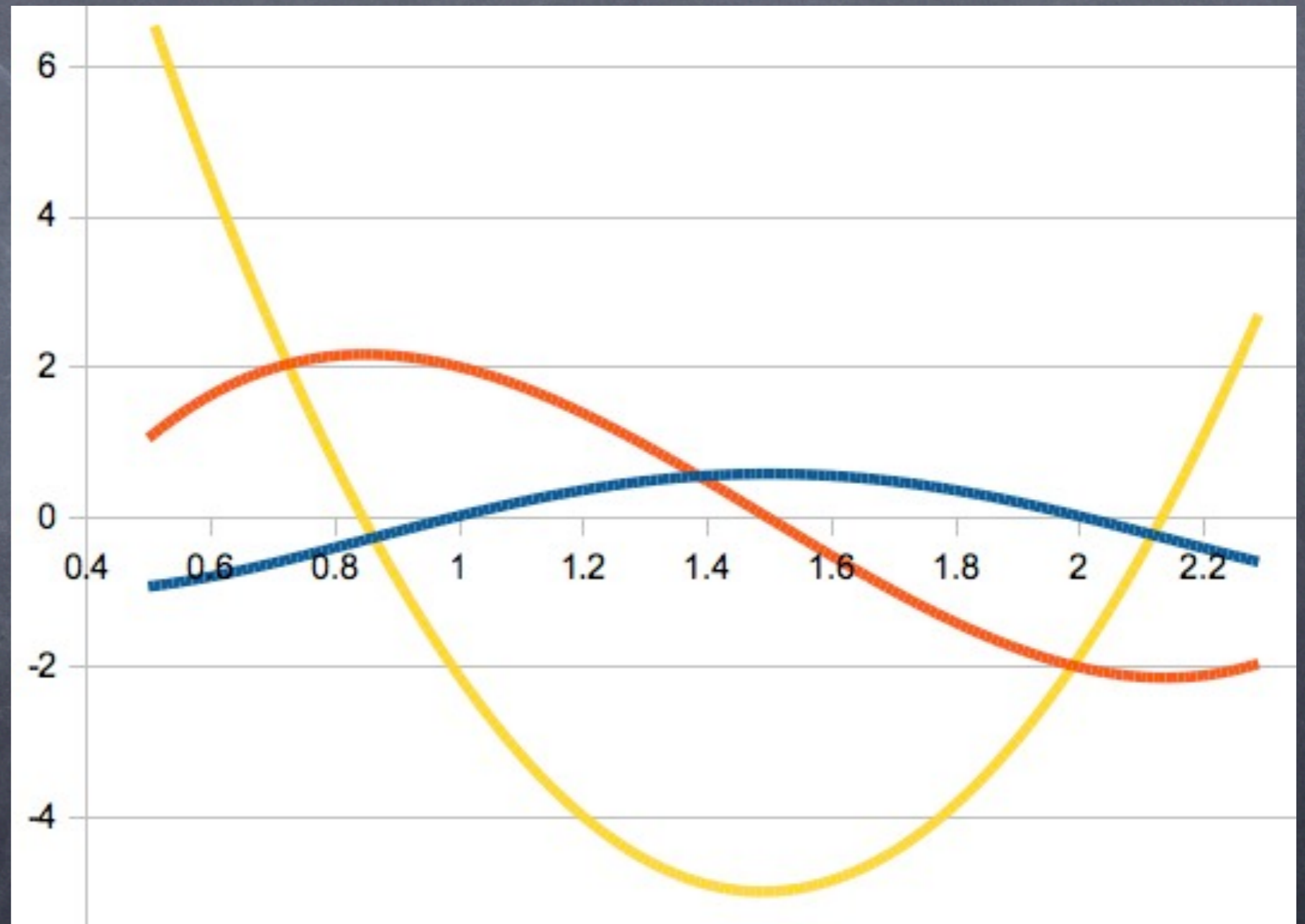
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**Product rule:** If  $k(x)=f(x)g(x)$   
then  $k'(x) = ?$

- ⦿ (A)  $f'(x)g(x)$
- ⦿ (B)  $f(x)g'(x)$
- ⦿ (C)  $f'(x)g(x) + f(x)g'(x)$
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Example:  $k(x)=(x^5-2x^3+x^2+3)(3x^3-x^2+1)$



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What is  $k'(x)$  if  $k(x) = \frac{2x^2}{3x + 1}$  ?

(A)  $k'(x) = \frac{4x}{3}$

(B)  $k'(x) = \frac{4x}{3x + 1} - \frac{2x^2}{3}$

(C)  $k'(x) = \frac{6x^2 + 4x}{(3x + 1)^2}$

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